Eko Power® PAA Sterizid Forte 15

Disinfectant-Peracetic Acid + Hydrogen Peroxide



Eko Power® PAA Sterizid Forte 15 is a liquid, acidic disinfectant based on hydrogen peroxide and peracetic acid. It effectively kills bacteria, yeasts, and fungi even at low temperatures without residue. It is a rinse-free disinfectant hence rinsing is not required after usage.

The product is suitable for CIP (Cleaning in Place) sanitation of tanks, containers, pipes, and equipment in the dairy and beverage industry and for use in water stages of bottle washing machines. Furthermore, the product can be used for intermediate disinfection of milking equipment, tube milking machines, and for sanitation of animal sheds after cleaning. The product can be used to wash vegetables, fruits, and red meat.

Applications







CIP - Dairy & Brewing



Aquaculture Farming

Red meat processing



Water Disinfectant

Fisheries



Biofilm Removal

Benefits

- Broad spectrum kill
- Non foaming
- Effective at low temperature
- DVG approved
- For cold aseptic filling lines

Technical Data

- Appearance: Clear, Colourless liquid
- Odor: Pungent
- PAA concentration (%): 15
- Hydrogen Peroxide (%): 15
- pH (1%): 4.7
- Storage: 10°C 35°C





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Usage, dilution

Disinfection of production facilities, tanks, containers, pipework, and milk collection trucks:

Concentration: 0.1–0.3%, **contact time:** 5–10 min., **temperature:** cold up to 35°C.

Bottle washing machines (water stages)

Concentration: 70–100 g per m³ (corresponding 10–15 ppm active substance peracetic acid).

Soak sanitation (pipework):

Concentration: 0.02 to 0.05%, 10 min–20 min, cold

Intermediate disinfection of milking equipment Dip milking equipment into a 0.5 to 0.7% solution.

Sanitation of animal sheds and surfaces:

Concentration: 0.1–0.2%, **contact time:** 10–30min., **temperature:** cold

Ingredients

Peracetic acid-15%, Hydrogen peroxide-15% Acetic acid-17%



Material Compatibility

Stainless steel is not affected by the solution when used as recommended. The exposure to aluminum should be time limited. Not suitable for use on copper and its alloys. Rubber may be aging faster.

Handling references

Use biocides safely. Always read the safety data sheet and product information before use. The concentrate has to be stored cool and protected from the sun. The concentrate may as far as possible only be dosed out of the original container and mustn't be poured back. Never mix the concentrate with other chemicals or cleaning concentrates and protect it against pollutants.

For health and safety information, refer to the Safety Data Sheet (SDS) for this product.

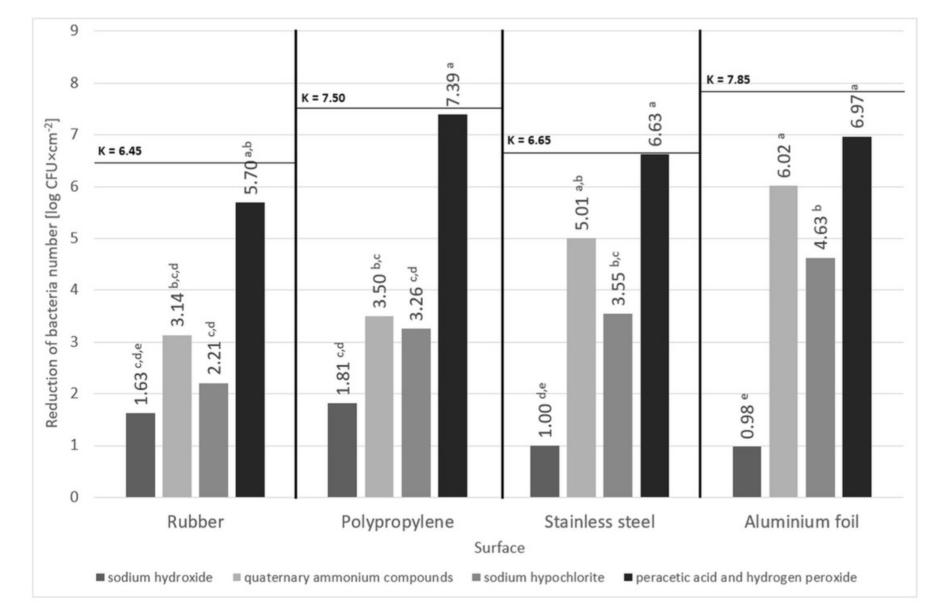




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Comparision with other disinfectant on Biofilm on various surfaces

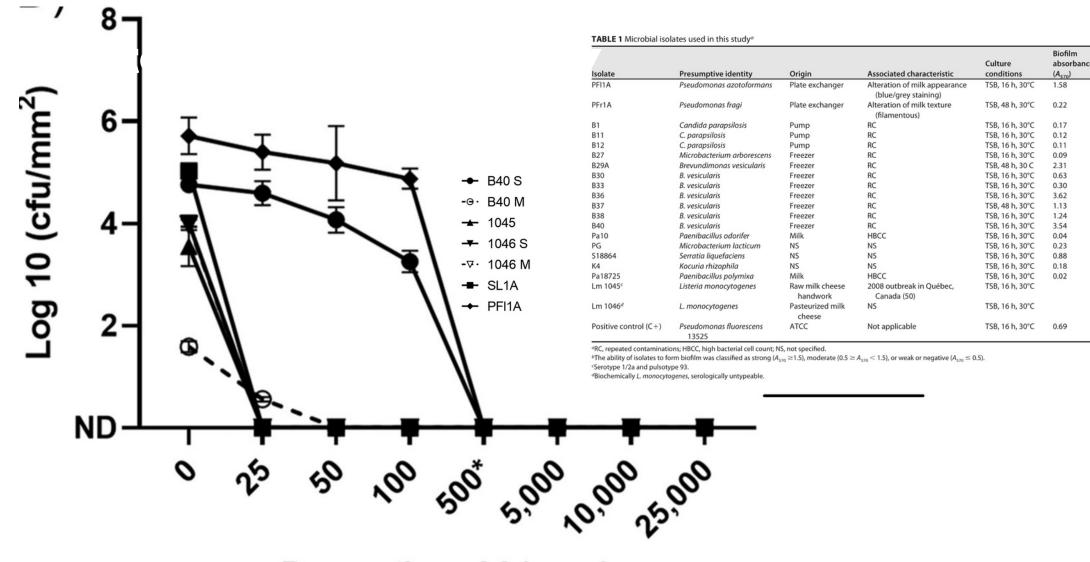


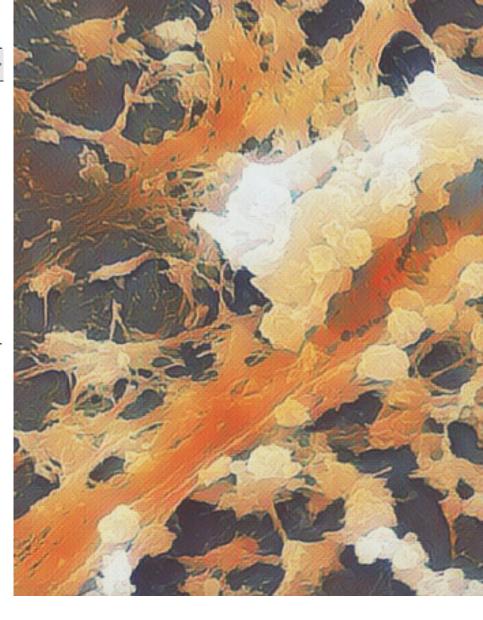
Effective disinfection is an important aspect of food & dairy processing plants. The increasing resistance of microorganisms to commonly used agents, e.g. based on sodium hypochlorite or sodium hydroxide, is a serious problem. The present study evaluated the effectiveness of four disinfectants against bacilli cells in biofilm formation. It was found that peracetic acid and hydrogen peroxide combination in PAA, is consistently effective on all types of surfaces food in food & dairy plant. elimination rate 5.10–6.62 log CFU \times cm–2 and 5.70–7.39 log CFU × cm-2 after 1- and 5-min exposure, respectively. The least is sodium hydroxide.

Bacilli number decrease average for all tested strains) in the biofilm on the tested surfaces after 5-min exposure to various disinfectants (a, b, c,values marked with different letters differ statistically significantly, Kaverage for all strains initial number of L. monocytogenes (prior disinfection) in biofilm on particular surtaces)

SOURCE- Comparison of selected disinfectants efficiency against Listeria monocytogenes biofilm formed on various surfaces Krzysztof Skowron1 & Karolina Hulisz2 & Grzegorz Gryń3 & Halina Olszewska4 & Natalia Wiktorczyk1 & Zbigniew Paluszak2

Peracetic acid will inactivate gram-positive and gram-negative bacteria, fungi, and yeasts in <5 minutes at <100 ppm. In the presence of organic matter, 200-500 ppm is required. For viruses, the dosage range is wide (12-2250 ppm), with poliovirus inactivated in yeast extract in 15 minutes with 1500 to 2250 ppm. Bacterial spores in suspension are inactivated in 15 seconds to 30 minutes with 500 to 10,000 ppm (0.05 to 1%). **SOURCE CDC**





Peracetic acid (ppm)

SOURCE-2022 American Society for Microbiology. Efficacy of Organic Peroxyacids for Eliminating Biofilm Preformed by Microorganisms Isolated from Dairy Processing Plants Coralie Goetz,a Jules Larouche,a Maribel Velez Aristizabal,a Nissa Niboucha,a Julie Jeana

Bacteria can easily detach from biofilms and contaminate the food products that come in contact with the surface. This often forces product recalls, causing economic losses. In the case of undetected pathogen contamination, consumption of the products can cause the spread of foodborne illnesses. In addition to these problems, biofilms can impede heat transfer and cause mechanical blockage of process flow accelerate corrosion, and force premature replacement of equipment. Dairy bio- films are complex microbial ecosystems that are difficult to eradicate because of their resistance to common industrial disinfectants





Certificate of Registration

ECOCARE TECHNOLOGIES PVT. LTD has achieved Registration status for Eko Power PAA Sterizid Forte 15 to the NSF International Registration Guidelines for Proprietary Substances and Nonfood Compounds (2022).



ECOCARE TECHNOLOGIES PVT. LTD A-176, Sector-83 Noida, Uttar Pradesh 201305 India August 10, 2022

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Category Code: D2

NSF Registration No. 166443

This product is acceptable for use as a sanitizer on all surfaces not always requiring a rinse (D2) in and around food processing areas. Before using this compound, food products and packaging materials must be removed from the room or carefully protected. A potable water rinse is not required following the use of this compound on previously cleaned hard surfaces provided that the surfaces are adequately drained before contact with food so that little or no residue remains which can adulterate or have a deleterious effect on edible products. A potable water rinse is required following use of this compound under conditions other than those stated above. The compound must always be used according to applicable label directions.

Registration may be verified at nsfwhitebook.org



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AJ McCardell NSF Nonfood Compounds Registration Program

Company No: C0669862

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Listing of all registered nonfood compounds by NSF International is not an endorsement of those compounds or of any performance or efficacy claims made by the manufacturer.



